

Lesson Learnt: Accident - Hot Water Burns (Customer)



In Focus

- **Q** 2 separate incidents where a customer requested cold water for their metal flask.
- The CH&CO team members on both occasions put hot water from the boiler into the flask.
- The customers assumed it was cold water resulting in burns: Complainant A: Burn to lap, Complainant B, burn to mouth & lips (see photo).

Risk Assessment

- ♣ Potential Hazard(s): Hot water can cause serious burns.
- **Risk Level (e.g., Low, Medium, High):** Risk of burns from hot water is High.
- ◆ Consequences of Getting it Wrong: Severe burns to skin or mouth / throat. Burns can result in pain and scarring. Client relationship damage. Client & CH&CO brand damage. Personal damage claim from customer.

Root Cause / Contributing Factors

- → Hot water from the boiler was given to the customers
- Team members did not confirm the request from the customer.
- Team member did not warn the customer of the hot contents.
- Lack of mindfulness / lapse of concentration/ making assumptions based on the water bottle provided.



🤚 Whistleblowing 🤚

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Or email: assistance@hospitalityaction.org.uk

Actions Taken

- ✓ **Action 1:** Teams retrained on providing hot drinks to customer risk assessment.
- ✓ Action 2: The team briefed to confirm customer request if they believe hot water was requested
- ✓ **Action 3**: If hot water is requested, Team briefed to inform customer that water is hot.

Preventative Measures / Best Practices

- ✓ Hot water from the boiler is avoided unless explicitly requested from the customer.
- ✓ Care to be taken by CH&CO team to avoid burning themselves, ensure the container is suitable for hot water.
- ✓ Always add at least ¼ cold water before adding hot water from the boiler.
- ✓ Encourage team members to communicate clearly with the customer to ensure hot water is what they requested.